



ISLAMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK

**2016** KEY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS  
FOR THE IDB MEMBER COUNTRIES

STATISTICAL YEARBOOK No. 36



Islamic Development Bank Group

**KEY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS  
FOR THE IDB MEMBER COUNTRIES**

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Data Resources and Statistics Division  
Economic Research and Policy Department  
**Chief Economist Complex**

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## PREFACE

This is the **36<sup>th</sup> edition** of the Islamic Development Bank's **Statistical Yearbook**, previously known as the **Statistical Monograph on the Key Socio-Economic Statistics on IDB Member Countries**<sup>1</sup>. In this new and improved edition we have sharpened our focus on the most important statistical highlights and trends, while making the full dataset — covering more than 200 social, economic and financial indicators for all the 56 IDB member countries — available on an attached USB flash drive.

**Part I** of the full version of the statistical yearbook (available on the flash drive) covers **Demographic and Human Development Indicators**, including data on the population size and structure, vital statistics, health, education, poverty, human development, information and communications technology, employment, productivity, competitiveness, environment, land use, and food and agricultural production.

**Part II** covers **Macroeconomic Indicators** and provides information on the national accounts, government finance, inflation, money supply, exchange rates and interest rates. The national accounts data provide essential information on economic performance in terms of growth and the structure of output, investments, and savings.

**Part III** covers **External Sector Economic Indicators** and presents statistics on external trade, balance of payments, external debt, and financial flows, including the IDB Group operations data.

**The Statistical Annexes** of the printed version of this publication includes 15 selected tables from **Part I, II and III** and 5 tables on the IDB Group Operations for the main IDB geographic regions and divisions.

As in the previous editions, the present publication contains individual country data as well as a number of aggregates. They include the aggregate for all the 56 IDB member countries, aggregates for the four IDB regional groupings (SSA-22, MENA-19, Asia-8, and CIT-7), two aggregates based on the United Nation's classification of the "least developed countries" (LDMC-25 and Non-LDMC-31), an aggregate for the OIC member states, as well as the global aggregates for all developing countries, all least developed countries, all developed countries, and the world.

We hope that this statistical yearbook will be a useful tool for all those interested in studying social and economic developments in the IDB member countries and for monitoring their progress towards achieving the targets set out under the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Suggestions for improvement are most welcome and should be emailed to **DataRSD@isdb.org**.

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## SYMBOLS, ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

### Symbols

..	Data not available.
--	Aggregate is not computed because more than one-third of the observations in the series are missing in a given year.
%	Percentage

### Acronyms and Abbreviations

‘000	Thousands
AMU	Arab Maghreb Union
ASEAN	Association of Southeast Asian Nations
c.i.f	Cost, insurance, and freight
CIS	Commonwealth of Independent States
COMESA	Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa
CIT	Countries in Transition
ECO	Economic Cooperation Organization
ECOWAS	Economic Community of West African States
f.o.b	Free on board
FAO	Food and Agricultural Organization
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GNI	Gross National Income
GCC	Gulf Cooperation Council
ID	Islamic Dinar
IDB	Islamic Development Bank
IMF	International Monetary Fund
LDCs	Least Developed Countries
MCs	Member Countries
MENA	Middle East and North Africa
MGS	Imports of Goods and Services
ODA	Official Development Assistance
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OIC	Organization of the Islamic Cooperation
SAARC	South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
SSA	Sub-Saharan Africa
UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UDEAC	Union Douanière et Économique de l’Afrique Centrale
XGS	Export of goods and services

## DATA SOURCES

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2. IMF, World Economic Outlook, Online Database, October 2015.
3. OECD, The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Online Database, December 2015.
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## TECHNICAL NOTE

### A. AGGREGATION RULES

In calculating statistical aggregates, the following rules based on the World Bank's approach were followed:

- Aggregate data for IDB are either totals or weighted averages.
- No aggregate values are calculated if missing data account for more than a third of the number of observations in a given year.
- Aggregates of ratios are calculated as weighted averages of the ratios using the value of the denominator as weight.
- Aggregate growth rates are calculated using exponential trend function. The resulting growth rates reflect trends that are not unduly influenced by exceptional values.
- Aggregates for income groups (such as LDCs, developing countries, developed countries, and the World) are taken directly from the data source, except for the OIC countries and the regional and economic groupings which are computed by the IDB staff.

### B. REGIONAL AND ECONOMIC GROUPINGS

Sub-Saharan Africa Member Countries (SSA-22)	Middle East and North Africa Member Countries (MENA-19)	Asian Member Countries (ASIA-8)	Countries in Transition (CIT-7)	Least Developed Member Countries (LDMC-25)	Non Least Developed Member Countries (Non-LDMC-31)	Oil Exporting Member Countries- 22	Non-Oil Exporting Member Countries-34
Benin	Algeria	Afghanistan	Albania	Afghanistan	Albania	Algeria	Afghanistan
Burkina Faso	Bahrain	Bangladesh	Azerbaijan	Bangladesh	Algeria	Azerbaijan	Albania
Cameroon	Egypt	Brunei	Kazakhstan	Benin	Azerbaijan	Cameroon	Bahrain
Chad	Iran	Indonesia	Kyrgyz Republic	Burkina Faso	Bahrain	Chad	Bangladesh
Comoros	Iraq	Malaysia	Tajikistan	Chad	Brunei	Côte d'Ivoire	Benin
Côte d'Ivoire	Jordan	Maldives	Turkmenistan	Comoros	Cameroon	Egypt	Brunei
Djibouti	Kuwait	Pakistan	Uzbekistan	Djibouti	Côte d'Ivoire	Gabon	Burkina Faso
Gabon	Lebanon	Suriname		Gambia	Egypt	Iran	Comoros
Gambia	Libya			Guinea	Gabon	Iraq	Djibouti
Guinea	Morocco			Guinea-Bissau	Indonesia	Kazakhstan	Gambia
Guinea-Bissau	Oman			Kyrgyz Republic	Iran	Kuwait	Guinea
Mali	Palestine			Maldives	Iraq	Libya	Guinea-Bissau
Mauritania	Qatar			Mali	Jordan	Malaysia	Indonesia
Mozambique	Saudi Arabia			Mauritania	Kazakhstan	Nigeria	Jordan
Niger	Syria			Mozambique	Kuwait	Qatar	Kyrgyz Republic
Nigeria	Tunisia			Niger	Lebanon	Saudi Arabia	Lebanon
Senegal	Turkey			Palestine	Libya	Sudan	Maldives
Sierra-Leone	U.A.E			Senegal	Malaysia	Syria	Mali
Somalia	Yemen			Sierra-Leone	Morocco	Turkmenistan	Mauritania
Sudan				Somalia	Nigeria	U.A.E.	Morocco
Togo				Sudan	Oman	Uzbekistan	Mozambique
Uganda				Tajikistan	Pakistan	Yemen	Niger
				Togo	Qatar		Oman
				Uganda	Saudi Arabia		Pakistan
				Yemen	Suriname		Palestine
					Syria		Senegal
					Tunisia		Sierra Leone
					Turkey		Somalia
					Turkmenistan		Suriname
					U.A.E.		Tajikistan
					Uzbekistan		Togo
							Tunisia
							Turkey
							Uganda



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## HIGHLIGHTS

### 1 PEOPLE

#### 1.1 Population Structure

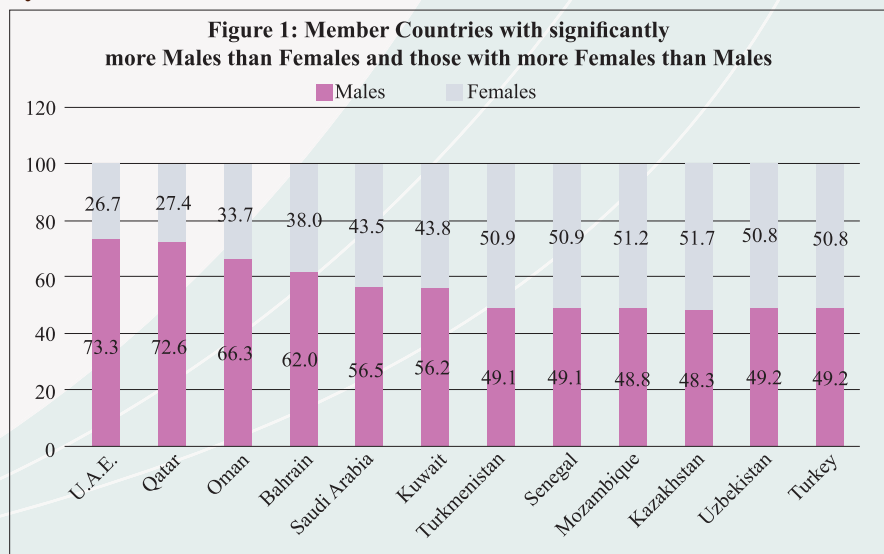
More than 1.7 billion people lived in the 56 IDB member countries in 2015. This was 23% of the world population.

The largest share of the member countries' population lived in the Asia region (38.9% or 672 million), followed by MENA (28.6%, 493 million), Sub-Saharan Africa (27.8%, 480 million), and the CIT (4.6%, 80 million). The most populous member countries were Indonesia (258 million), Pakistan (189 million), Nigeria (182 million), Bangladesh (161 million), and Egypt (91 million). These five countries accounted for more than half of the member countries' total population.

The average population density in the member countries was 54 persons per square kilometer (persons/km<sup>2</sup>), ranging widely from the highest in Bahrain (1,769 persons/km<sup>2</sup>) to the lowest in Suriname and Libya (3.5 persons/km<sup>2</sup>). The highest population density was in Asia and the lowest in the CIT region.

The gender structure of the population in the IDB member countries was skewed towards more men (50.7%) than women (49.3%). For every 100 females there were, on average, 103 males in 2015. The GCC member countries had the largest gender gap. Women accounted for only 26.7% of the total population in the UAE, 27.4% in Qatar, 33.7% in Oman, 38.0% in Bahrain, 43.5% in Saudi Arabia, and 43.8% in Kuwait. This was mainly due to the large numbers of (mostly male) expatriate workers living in the Gulf (**Figure 1**). In contrast, there are more women than men in the CIT region (except in Tajikistan), in a number of Sub-Saharan African countries (including Mozambique, Senegal, and Gambia), and in Turkey, Morocco and Tunisia.

The age structure of the population in the IDB member countries was more youthful than the world average in 2015. Moreover, for every 100 people in the economically active group (15-64 years) there were 63 people that were either too young

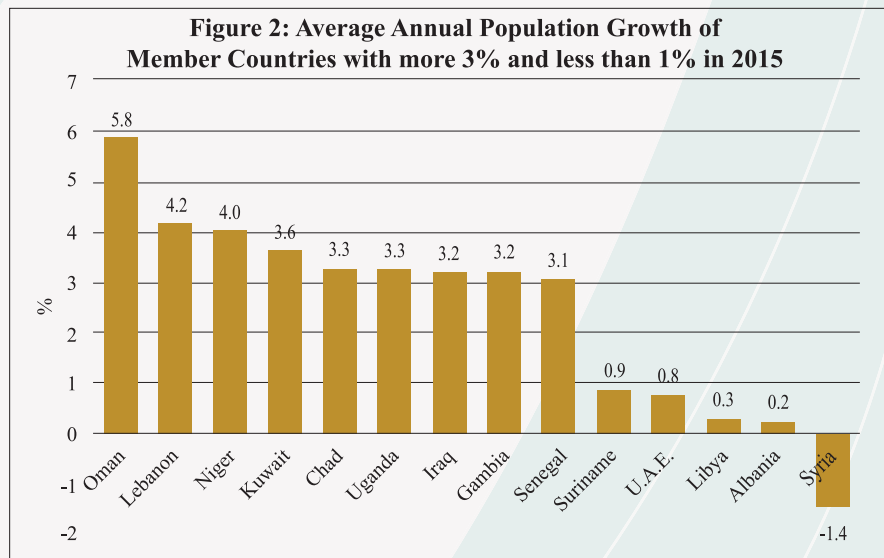


(0-14 years) or too old (65+ years) to work. Youth dependency accounted for 89% of the total dependency ratio in the member countries, which was broadly in line with the average for the least developed countries, but nearly double the ratio for the high-income countries. Youth dependency was highest in the Sub-Saharan African region (90%), followed by Asia (56%), MENA (53%), and the CIT (49%).

## 1.2 Population Dynamics

The IDB member countries' population more than doubled since the Bank's inception in 1975, with the fastest cumulative growth in Sub-Saharan Africa and MENA, and the slowest in the CIT. But the population growth slowed significantly over the past 20 years from an annual average of 2.7% in 1984 to 2.0% in 2014. Although crude death rates declined from 4.0% to 2.8% during the same period, crude birth rates declined even faster from 12.4% to 7.5%.

At the regional level, the population in the Sub-Saharan African member countries continued to grow the fastest at an average annual rate of 2.8%, followed by MENA (1.9%), Asia and the CIT (1.6% each). In 2015, nine member countries had an average population



growth of more than 3%, sharply contrasting with war-torn Syria, where the population actually declined (-1.4%), reflecting mass migration and the refugee flows (**Figure 2**).

The average number of children born to a woman by the end of her childbearing years (the total fertility rate) declined in the IDB member countries from 4.9 in 1990 to 3.5 in 2014, but remained significantly higher than the world average (2.5) and the average in the low and middle-income countries (2.6). The fertility rate was highest in the Sub-Saharan Africa member countries (5.6), and lowest in Asia (2.8) and the CIT (2.5).

Meanwhile, the average under-five mortality rates also declined significantly in the IDB member countries from 11.7% (of all live births) in 1990 to 5.2% in 2015. But child mortality remains alarmingly high in the Sub-Saharan Africa region (9.9%) — especially in Chad (13.9%), Somalia (13.7%), Sierra Leone (12.0%), Mali (11.5%), and Nigeria (10.9%) — and compares unfavourably to the average for the least developed countries world-wide (7.6%).

Based on the current growth trends, the population of the IDB member countries is projected to reach 1.9 billion by 2020, nearly tripling since the Bank's inception.

### 1.3 Education

The adult literacy rate in the member countries averaged 73.3%, with more literate men (79.8%) than women (66.8%) in 2015. The highest literacy rate was among the CIT member countries (99.5%), followed by the MENA region (82.8%), Asia (71.8%) and Sub-Saharan Africa (52.9%). Some of the lowest literacy rates were in Niger (15.5%) and Guinea (25.3%). The literacy rates were commensurate with the primary school enrolment rates.

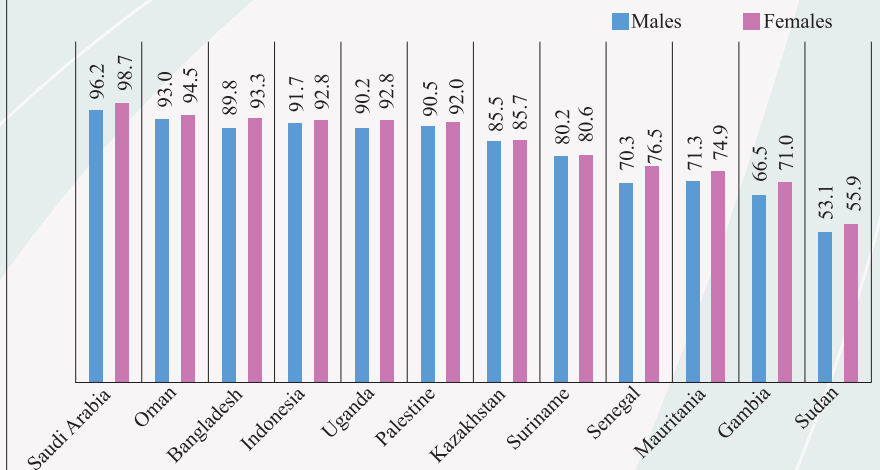
Gender disparity in the primary and secondary school enrolment has narrowed

considerably during the past 20 years, but men still outnumbered women in most of the member countries. Even so, there were several member countries where females outnumbered males (**Figure 3 and 4**).

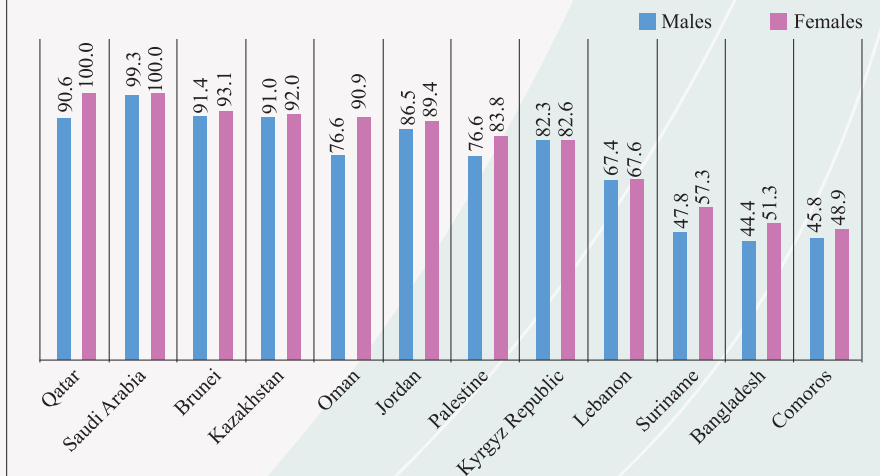
### 1.4 Health

In 2013, life expectancy at birth in the IDB member countries averaged 66.3 years compared to 59.8 in 1990. The MENA region had the highest life expectancy at

**Figure 3: MCs where Female Net Primary School Enrolment Outnumbered their Male Counterpart (%) - (2010-2015)**



**Figure 4: MCs where Female Net Secondary School Enrolment Outnumbered their Male Counterpart (%) - (2010-2015)**

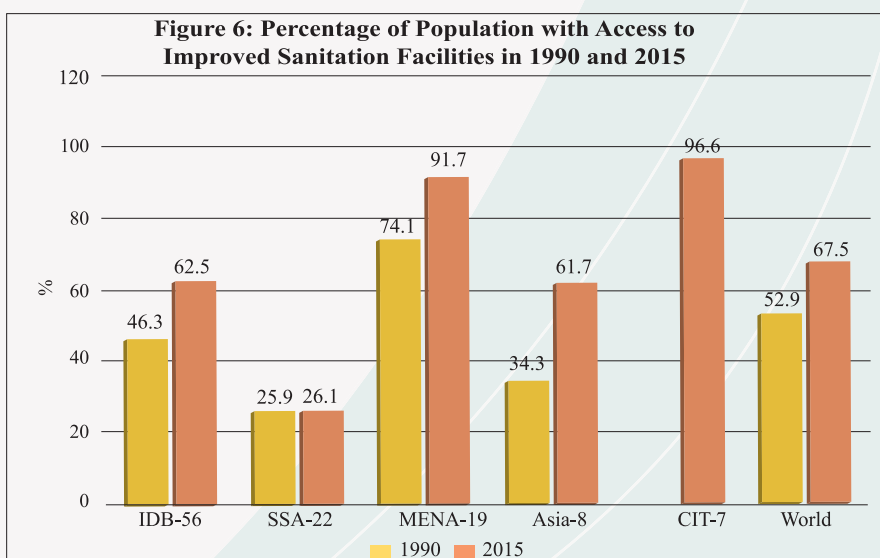
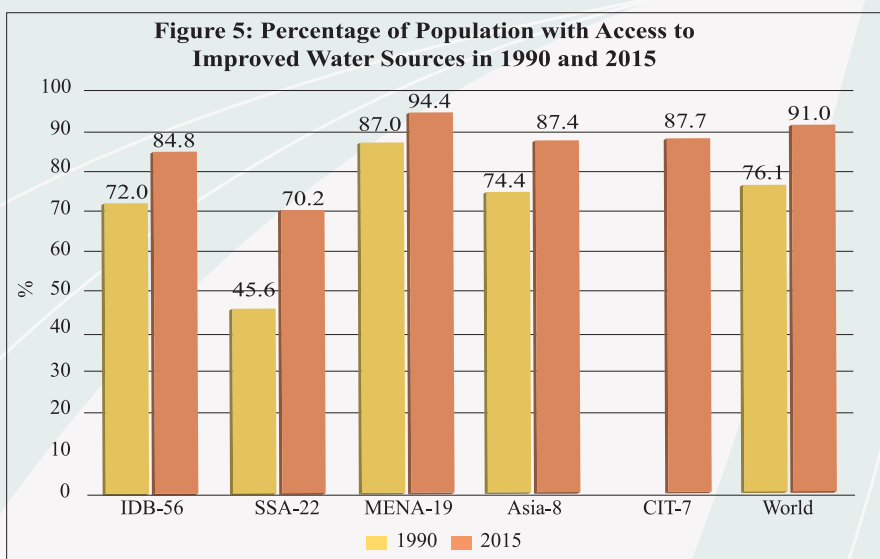


birth (73.1 years), followed by the CIT (69.4 years) and the Asia region (68.4 years). In the Sub-Saharan African member countries, life expectancy averaged only 55.8 years.

Total health expenditure in the member countries increased to an average of 4.5% of GDP in 2014 from 3.3% in 1995. The most remarkable increase in health spending was in the MENA region, where the expenditure rose from 3.5% to 5.9% of GDP. In contrast, the health expenditure in the Asian member countries remained low at only 3.1% of GDP. In per-capita terms, healthcare expenditure more than tripled in the IDB member countries as a group, but varied widely, in 2014, from the highest in MENA (US\$ 384), and the CIT (US\$ 257), to only US\$ 80 in both the Asia and Sub-Saharan Africa. UAE, Kuwait and Bahrain had the highest per capita health expenditure of more than US\$ 1,000.

The share of the member countries' population with access to safe

drinking water and improved sanitation facilities increased steadily over the past 20 years and averaged 84.8% and 62.5%, respectively, in 2015. But there was a large variation among the countries, ranging from 100% in Turkey, Bahrain and Qatar to only around 50% in Chad and Mozambique. On average, the Sub-Saharan African member countries had the poorest access to improved safe water sources and improved sanitation facilities at 70.2% and 26.1%, respectively (Figure 5 and 6).



According to the most recent figures, the IDB member countries had an average of 0.8 physicians, 1.8 nurses, and 1.2 hospital beds per 1,000 people. This compared quite unfavourably to the world average of 1.5 physicians, 3.3 nurses, and 2.9 hospital beds. While the CIT countries were broadly in line with the high-income countries on these three healthcare indicators, the Sub-Saharan African member countries had on average only 0.2 physicians and 1 nurse per 1,000 people.

## 1.5 Poverty and Human Development

The latest World Bank data indicate that the proportion of the IDB member countries' population living below the international poverty line of 2011 PPP US\$ 1.9 per day generally declined over the past 20 years. Among the member countries where the data is available, five had poverty rates of less than 10%: Malaysia (0.6%), Turkey (2.3%), Kazakhstan (2.9%), Azerbaijan (5.3%), and Morocco (8.9%). In contrast, several member countries had poverty rates of more than 50%, mostly in the Sub-Saharan Africa region: Guinea-Bissau (69.3%), Togo (58.7%), Guinea (55.2%), Mozambique (54.7%), and Sierra Leone (52.9%).

Based on the Human Development Index (HDI) — a composite statistic of life expectancy, education, and income per capita published by the United Nations Development Program — the IDB member countries, on average, fall into the “low human development” category with an average HDI score of 0.597. According to the latest estimates, MENA had the highest level of human development among the IDB member countries, scoring 0.727, which is equivalent to the “high human development” level and is slightly above the world average of 0.711 (**Figure 7**). In contrast, the HDI score for the Sub-Saharan Africa member countries was only 0.458, equivalent to the “low human development” level (**Tables 1 and 2**).

<b>Table 1: Level of Human Development in 2014</b>	<b>Number of MCs</b>	<b>%</b>
Low Human Development	24	42.9
Medium Human Development	12	21.4
High Human Development	14	25.0
Very High Human Development	6	10.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>100</b>

## 1.6 Science and Innovation

Over the past ten years there has been a rapid expansion in the development and the use of information and communications technology worldwide, and especially in developing countries. In the IDB member countries, mobile phone subscriptions per 100 people increased from 12.3 in 2004 to 96.4 in 2014, which was in line with the global

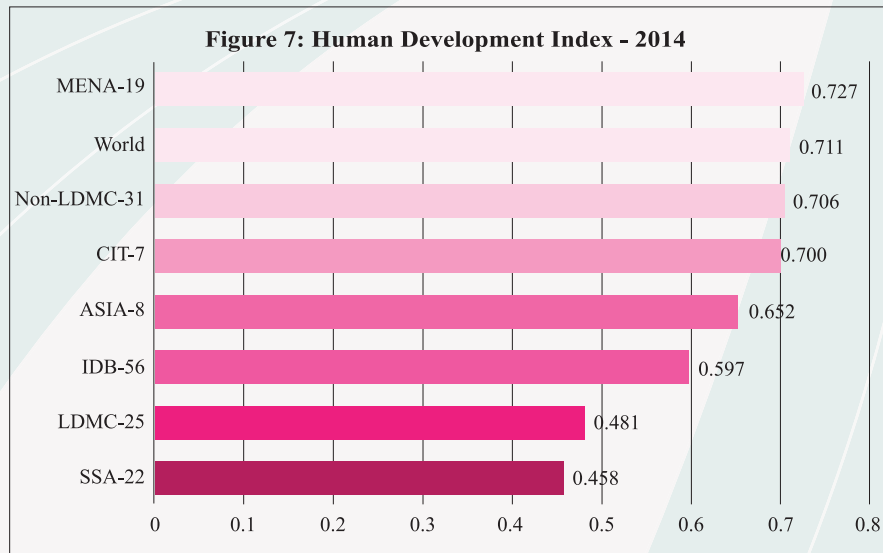


**Table 2: Distribution of IDB MCs under the UNDP Human Development Groups - 2014**

<b>HDI Rank</b>	<b>Very High Human Development (6)</b>	<b>HDI Value</b>	<b>HDI Rank</b>	<b>High Human Development (14)</b>	<b>HDI Value</b>
31	Brunei Darussalam	0.856	52	Oman	0.793
32	Qatar	0.850	56	Kazakhstan	0.788
39	Saudi Arabia	0.837	62	Malaysia	0.779
41	U.A.E.	0.835	67	Lebanon	0.769
45	Bahrain	0.824	69	Iran	0.766
48	Kuwait	0.816	72	Turkey	0.761
			78	Azerbaijan	0.751
			80	Jordan	0.748
			83	Algeria	0.736
			85	Albania	0.733
			94	Libya	0.724
			96	Tunisia	0.721
			103	Suriname	0.714
			104	Maldives	0.706
<b>HDI Rank</b>	<b>Medium High Human Development (12)</b>	<b>HDI Value</b>	<b>HDI Rank</b>	<b>Low High Human Development (24)</b>	<b>HDI Value</b>
108	Egypt	0.690	147	Pakistan	0.538
109	Turkmenistan	0.688	152	Nigeria	0.514
110	Gabon	0.684	153	Cameroon	0.512
110	Indonesia	0.684	156	Mauritania	0.506
113	Palestine	0.677	159	Comoros	0.503
114	Uzbekistan	0.675	160	Yemen	0.498
120	Kyrgyzstan	0.655	162	Togo	0.484
121	Iraq	0.654	163	Uganda	0.483
126	Morocco	0.628	166	Benin	0.480
129	Tajikistan	0.624	167	Sudan	0.479
134	Syria	0.594	168	Djibouti	0.470
142	Bangladesh	0.570	170	Senegal	0.466
			171	Afghanistan	0.465
			172	Côte d'Ivoire	0.462
			175	Gambia	0.441
			178	Guinea-Bissau	0.420
			179	Mali	0.419
			180	Mozambique	0.416
			181	Sierra Leone	0.413
			182	Guinea	0.411
			183	Burkina Faso	0.402
			184	Burundi	0.400
			185	Chad	0.392
			188	Niger	0.348

average. The highest number of mobile phone subscriptions per 100 people was in the CIT countries (113) and the MENA region (104). Meanwhile, the number of internet users increased from 4.9 per 100 people in 2004 to 26.1 in 2014. This, however, was lower than the global average of 40.7 and the high-income country average of 80.6. More than 90 out of 100 people used internet in Qatar, Bahrain and the UAE, while the internet usage rate was less than 2% in Somalia and Guinea.

According to the latest available data, the number of researchers in R&D ranged from 7.5 per one million people in Niger to 1,793 in Malaysia, which compared to the world average of 1,268. Similarly, the number of technicians in R&D ranged from 8.3 per one million in Togo to 275 per one million in Egypt. The value of high technology exports ranged from US\$ 0.1 million in Gambia to US\$60.4 billion in Malaysia, while the number of trademark applications filed ranged from one in Somalia to 130,609 in Turkey.



## 2 ENVIRONMENT

### 2.1 Land Use and Emissions

The share of arable land in the IDB member countries increased from 8.6% of the total land area in 1990 to 9.7% in 2013. Non-agricultural land accounted for the lion's share (88%) of the total land area. Meanwhile, the share of the total land area covered by forests declined from 13.2% in 1990 to 11.1% in 2013.

### 2.2 Carbon Emissions

Total carbon dioxide emissions in the member countries more than doubled from 1,930 million metric tons in 1990 to 4,284 million metric tons in 2014. Similarly, the average per-capita carbon dioxide emissions in the member countries increased from 1.9 metric tons in 1990 to 2.5 metric tons in 2014.

### 2.3 Food and Agriculture

Agricultural and food production in the IDB member countries continued to grow over the past two decades. The aggregate IDB agricultural production index rose from 62.7 in 1990 to 125 in 2013 (an average annualized growth rate of 3%); while the food production index also rose from 61.4 in 1990 to 129.9 in 2013 (an average annualized growth rate of 3.3%). In 2013, Indonesia and Bangladesh accounted for 76.4% of the member countries' total rice production, while Pakistan, Turkey and Kazakhstan accounted for 52.5% of the member countries' total wheat production. Indonesia produced 28% of the member countries' annual maize output.

### 3 ECONOMY

#### 3.1 Output Structure

The total value of output of the IDB member countries (IDB-56) more than tripled in the past 15 years. It increased from US\$ 1.9 trillion in 2000 to US\$ 6.9 trillion in 2014, but then declined by 13% to US\$ 6.0 trillion in 2015 as a result of a large drop in commodity prices

and a large exchange rate adjustment in some of the member countries. In 2015, the IDB member countries accounted for 8.2% of the world output, and 20.6% of the developing countries' output.

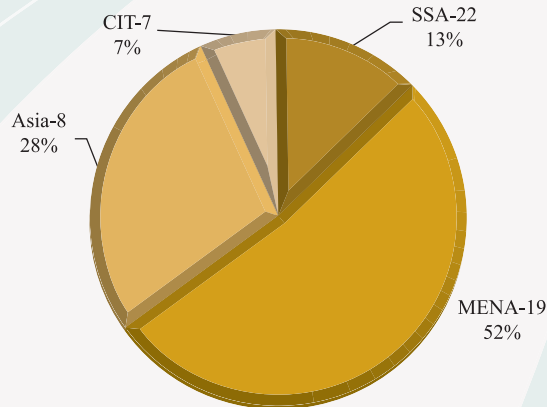
MENA was the largest IDB region by output (**Figure 8**), accounting for 52% of the total IDB member countries total, followed by Asia (28.2%), Sub-Saharan Africa (13%) and the CIT (6.6%). The three largest IDB economies —

Indonesia, Turkey and Saudi Arabia — accounted for 37% of the IDB total (**Figure 9**). By contrast, the least developed countries accounted for only 8%.

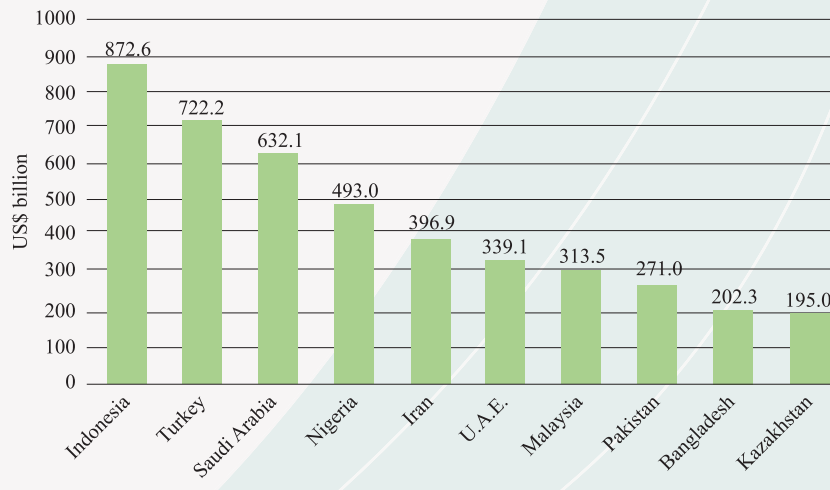
#### 3.2 Growth

The economies of the IDB member countries grew at an annual average rate of 4.8% during the past decade (2006-2015), which was marginally faster than 4.6% during 1996-

**Figure 8: Percentage Distribution of Member Countries Total Output by Region - 2015**



**Figure 9: Top 10 Largest Economies in 2015 - (US\$ billion)**



Growth Level	1996-2005					2006-2015				
	SSA-22	MENA-19	ASIA-8	CIT-7	TOTAL	SSA-22	MENA-19	ASIA-8	CIT-7	TOTAL
7% or more	5	1	1	2	9	1	1	1	3	6
5% to less than 7%	3	1	1	3	8	7	3	3	2	15
3% to less than 5%	7	13	3	2	25	11	7	3	2	23
0% to less than 3%	6	2	2	0	10	2	4	1	0	7
Negative	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Missing data	1	2	1	0	4	1	2	0	0	3
Total	22	19	8	7	56	22	19	8	7	56
<b>Average growth rate (%)</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>4.8</b>

Growth Level	2014					2015				
	SSA-22	MENA-19	ASIA-8	CIT-7	TOTAL	SSA-22	MENA-19	ASIA-8	CIT-7	TOTAL
7% or more	4	0	0	2	6	2	0	0	1	3
5% to less than 7%	8	0	4	1	13	7	0	1	1	9
3% to less than 5%	5	7	1	2	15	9	8	3	2	22
0% to less than 3%	3	7	2	2	14	1	7	3	3	14
Negative	1	3	1	0	5	2	2	1	0	5
Missing data	1	2	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	3
Total	22	19	8	7	56	22	19	8	7	56
<b>Average growth rate (%)</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.4</b>

2005. Nine IDB economies grew at an average rate of more than 7% (**Table 3**). However, growth slowed significantly to 3.8% in 2014 and further still to 3.4% in 2015. The most remarkable slowdown was in the CIT region where the growth rate nearly halved to 3.7% from the 10-year average of 7.1%, reflecting the sharp decline in commodity prices and the economic slowdown in Russia and China, the CIT region's two major trading partners. Also reflecting the impact of lower commodity prices, growth in the MENA region declined to 2.4% from a 10-year average of 4.1%. In the Sub-Saharan African member countries, the slowdown was to 4.2% from the 10-year average of 5.9% (**Table 4**).

But despite the overall slowdown, some member countries still managed to maintain a strong pace of economic expansion, namely Turkmenistan (8.5%), Cote d'Ivoire

(8.2%), Mozambique (7.0%), Chad (6.9%), Uzbekistan (6.8%), Bangladesh (6.5%), and Djibouti (6.5%). By contrast, some of the IDB member economies contracted sharply as a result of external shocks or conflicts. Namely, real output dropped by 28.1% in war-torn Yemen, contracted by 23.9% in Sierra Leone due to the twin shock of the Ebola virus and the disruptions in iron mining, and declined 6.1% in Libya suffering from low oil prices and political instability.

### 3.3 Per Capita Income

The average per capita GDP adjusted for the purchasing power parity (PPP) rose from US\$ 9,934 in 2014 to US\$ 10,469 in 2015. The MENA region continued to have the largest per capita income (US\$ 19,346), followed by the CIT (US\$ 11,788), Asia (US\$ 7,869) and Sub-Saharan Africa (US\$ 3,945). The average per capita output for non-LDMCs was US\$ 13,029 as compared to US\$2,744 for LDMCs.

Over the past 10 years, the PPP-adjusted per-capita GDP in the IDB member countries grew at an average annual rate of 3.1%, down from 3.8% during the previous decade. The sharpest slowdown was among the fuel exporters (from 4.0% to 2.1%) whereas the growth in the Sub-Saharan Africa region slowed only modestly (from 4.6% to 4.3%).

### 3.4 Structure of Output and Demand

The contribution of agriculture to the GDP of the IDB member countries continued to decline from an average of 18.1% in 1990 to 11.2% in 2014. Similarly, the share of the manufacturing sector declined from 16.2% to 14.5%. Both of these reflected an expansion in the services sector (from 45.9% to 49.6%) and other industries, such as mining and utilities.

In 2014, the share of the agriculture sector in GDP ranged from as low as 0.1% in Qatar to 56% in Sierra Leone. Countries from Sub-Saharan Africa had the highest share of agriculture in GDP, especially Chad (52.6%), Togo (41.7%), Mali (39.5%), Niger (36.7%), Comoros (35.6%) and Burkina Faso (34.2%). Conversely, the contribution of industry to GDP ranged from the low of 11.8% in Comoros to 67.9% in gas-exporting Qatar. The contribution of the service sector ranged from 28.3% in Sierra Leone to 77.1% in tourism-reliant Maldives.

The shares of private and government consumption in the member countries' GDP declined from 62.9% and 14.5% in 1990 to 55.5% and 14.1%, respectively, in 2014. This decline is a mirror image of the increase in gross domestic saving rate from 22.0% of GDP in 1990 to 30.5% in 2014, and the increase in fixed investment from 22.7% in 1990 to 24.2% in 2014. Between 1990 and 2014, the IDB member countries also became significantly more open to international trade with exports of goods and services increasing from 23.8% of GDP to 38.1% and imports rising from 25.5% of GDP to 33.7%.

### 3.5 Employment

The total labour force in the IDB member countries increased substantially from 358 million in 1990 to 664 million in 2014, representing an average annual growth rate of 2.3%. This was about a quarter percentage point faster than population growth, and reflects — among other factors — a steady increase in the female labour force participation rate from an IDB member countries' average of 37.7% in 1990 to 41.4% in 2014.

The sectoral distribution of the labour force varied considerably from one country to another. For example, the share of males employed in agriculture ranged from 0.6% of all men in Brunei to more than 60% in Uganda, Burkina Faso, Guinea, Mali, Niger and Togo. Nearly 80% of all employed females in Uganda were working in the agriculture sector, compared to a statistically insignificant number in Kuwait, Bahrain or Qatar.

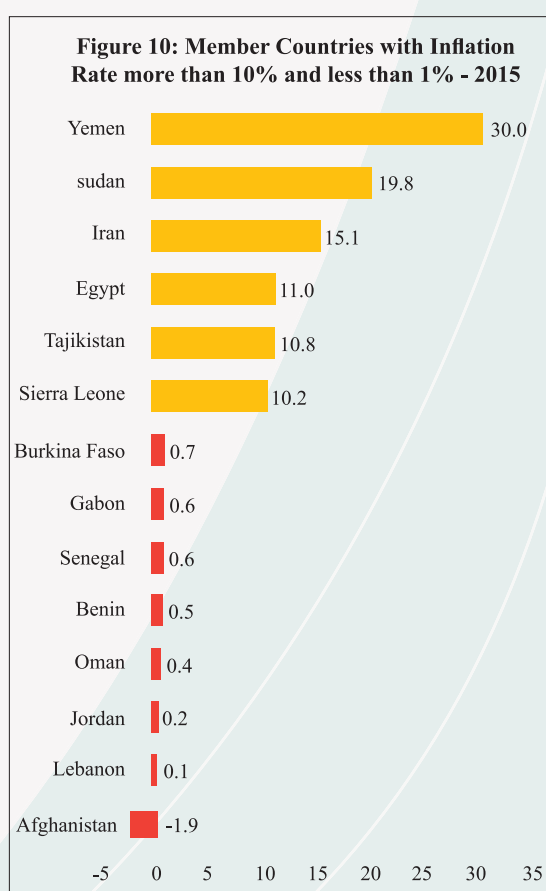
The share of all employed males working in industry ranged from 8.0% in Mali to 58.4% in Qatar. Meanwhile, 0.9% of all employed females worked in industry in Guinea, compared to 24.4% in Iran. Interestingly, only 11.5% of all employed females worked in the service sector in Pakistan, while nearly all employed females in Saudi Arabia were working in the service industry.

### 3.6 Inflation

The inflation rate in the IDB member countries, measured as an annual change in the consumer price index, declined to an average of 6.4% in 2015 from 6.7% in 2014, but was well above the world average of 3.3%. The inflation rate in 2015 varied from 0.1% in Lebanon to 30% in Yemen. Six countries recorded inflation rate of more than 10% while eight countries recorded inflation rate of less than one percent (**Figure 10**).

### 3.7 External Trade

The total value of the IDB member countries' external trade has been increasing steadily over the past two decades, reaching US\$ 5 trillion in 2014 (**Figure 11**). The IDB member



countries' exports of goods and services reached US\$ 2.7 trillion, having grown at an average annual growth rate of nearly 10% since 2004, helped by the commodity boom.

Over the last five years, the member countries' share of the world's total exports of goods and services fluctuated in the range of 10-12%, and compared to the 17-22% share of the developed economies and the 26-30% share of all developing countries (Figure 12).

The IDB member countries with largest exports of goods and services in 2014 were UAE (US\$ 391 billion), Saudi Arabia (US\$ 355 billion), Malaysia (US\$ 269 billion), Turkey (US\$ 220 billion), Indonesia (US\$ 203 billion), Qatar (US\$ 145 billion), Kuwait (US\$ 111 billion), and Iran (US\$ 104 billion). Together

Figure 11: Trends in Total IDB Trade in US\$ trillion (2008-2014)

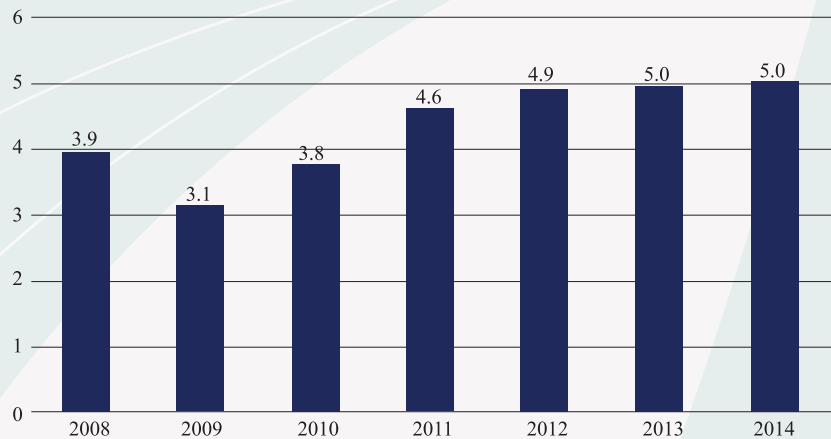


Figure 12: IDB Share of Exports of Goods and Services (%)

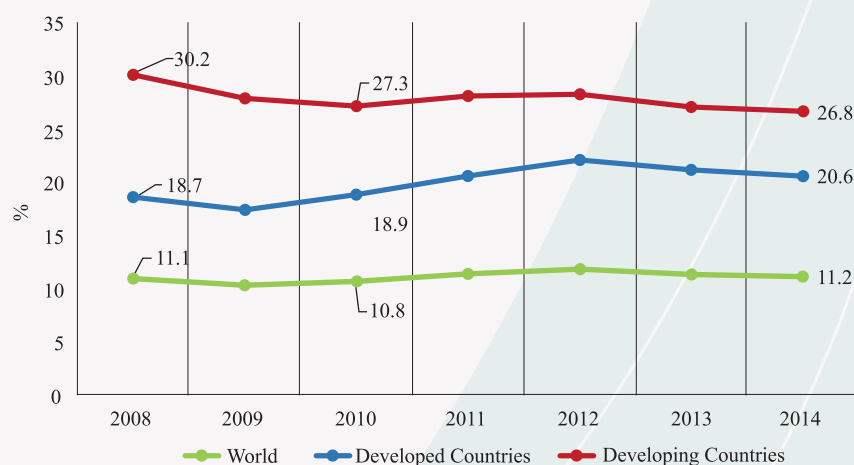


Figure 13: IDB Share in Imports of Goods and Services (%)



they accounted for 68% of the total member countries' exports of goods and services. Similarly, the MENA region accounted for 64% of the total IDB member countries' imports, followed by Asia (23.7%), Sub-Saharan Africa (7.5%) and the CIT (4.8%).

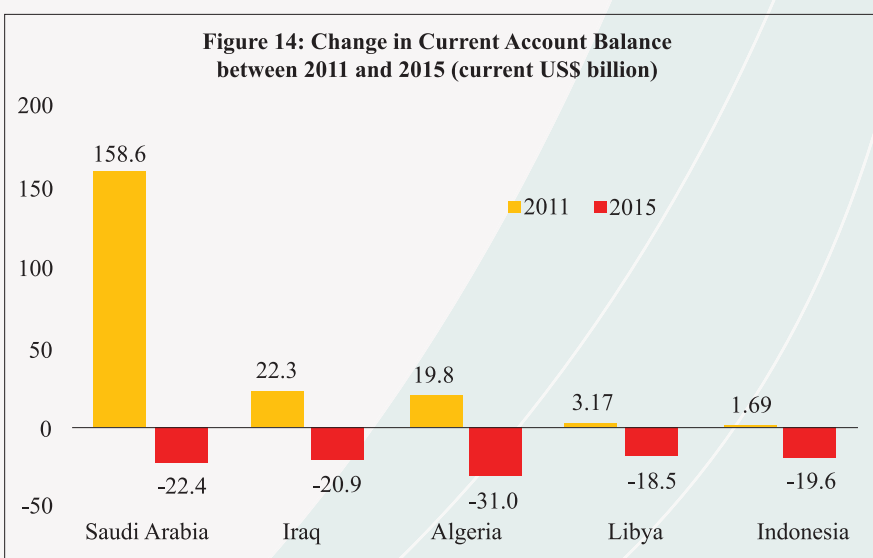
The member countries' share of world imports of goods and services ranged between 9% and 10% during the past five years (**Figure 13**).

Intra-IDB member country trade remained stable at around 18% during 2010-2014. It stood at 18.3% in 2014, which was below the 2015 intra-OIC trade target of 20%. The share of intra-IDB merchandise exports in total exports continued on its upward trend reaching 17.5% in 2014 up from 10.6% in 2000. Similarly, the share of intra-IDB merchandise imports in total merchandise imports increased to 19.2% in 2014 from 14.6% in 2000.

### 3.8 Balance of Payments

In 2015, the IDB member countries as a whole had a current account deficit of US\$ 192 billion (or 3.2% of GDP). This was a full five percentage-point deterioration relative to 2014, and could be explained mostly by a 10% of GDP deterioration, among the fuel-exporting IDB member countries (**Figure 14**). In contrast, the average current account deficit for the Asia region

member countries remained steady at around 0.6% of GDP. The member countries with the largest current account deficits were Turkey (US\$ 32.7 billion, 4.5% of GDP), Algeria (US\$ 31.0 billion, 17.7% of GDP), Saudi Arabia (US\$ 22.4 billion, 3.5% of



GDP), Iraq (US\$ 20.9 billion, 12.7% of GDP), Indonesia (US\$ 19.6 billion, 2.2% of GDP), Libya (US\$ 18.5 billion, 62.2% of GDP), Lebanon (US\$ 11.4 billion or 21% of GDP), and Oman (US\$ 10.2 billion, 16.9% of GDP).

The member countries which continued to maintain large current account surpluses in 2015 were Kuwait (US\$ 11.4 billion, 9.3% of GDP), UAE (US\$ 9.8 billion, 2.9% of GDP), Qatar (US\$ 9.7 billion, 5% of GDP), and Malaysia (US\$ 6.9 billion, 2.2% of GDP).



The IDB member countries' total gross international reserves (including monetary gold held by the central banks) rose from US\$ 1.32 trillion in 2009 to US\$ 1.93 trillion in 2013, but declined to US\$ 1.90 trillion in 2015 — again reflecting the large fluctuations in oil prices experienced over the past six years. At the end of 2014, Saudi Arabia had the largest stock of gross international reserves (US\$ 744 billion), followed by Algeria (US\$ 186 billion), Turkey (US\$ 127 billion), Malaysia (US\$ 116 billion), and Indonesia (US\$ 112 billion).

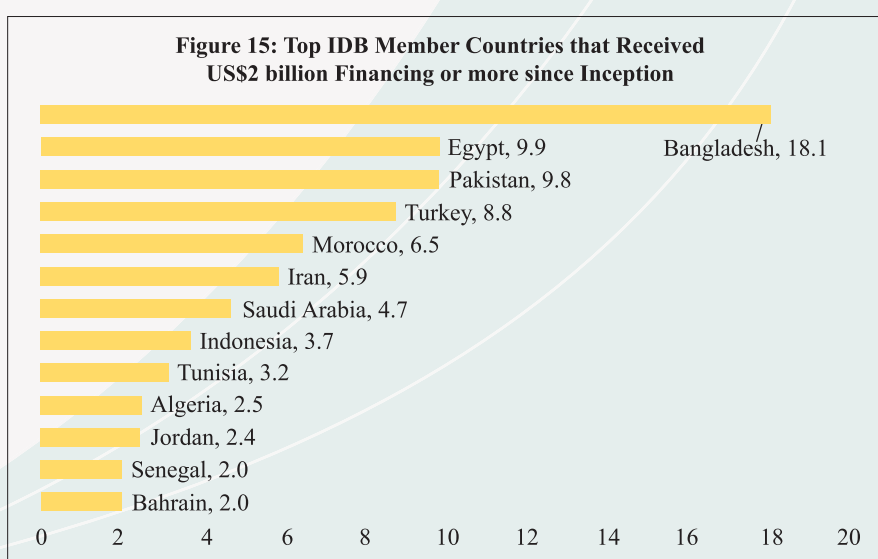
### 3.9 External and Government Debt

The total external debt of the IDB member countries increased from US\$ 408 billion in 1990 to US\$ 1.52 trillion in 2014. Turkey had the highest stock of external debt (US\$ 408.2 billion, 51.6% of GDP), followed by Indonesia (US\$ 293.4 billion, 34.1% of GDP), Malaysia (US\$ 210.8 billion, 66.8% of GDP), and Kazakhstan (US\$ 157.6 billion, 83.3% of GDP). The average external debt-to-Gross National Income (GNI) ratio fell from 53.5% in 1990 to 30.5% in 2014 with an average debt service-to-GNI ratio falling from 6.4% to 3.6% over the same period.

Meanwhile, for the IDB member countries as a group, the average gross government debt to GDP ratio declined slightly to 32.2% in 2015 from 35.4% ten years earlier. The decline in the aggregate figure was mainly driven by the MENA region's oil exporters, whereas during the same period government indebtedness nearly doubled in Sub-Saharan Africa (rising from 11.9% of GDP to 20%) and in the CIT region (rising from 12.3% of GDP to 26.2%).

## 4 IDB GROUP OPERATIONS

The cumulative net financing approvals of the IDB Group totalled US\$ 113.6 billion at the end of 1436H. Of this figure, trade financing operations accounted for US\$ 60.7 billion (53.4% of the total), followed by project and operations financing of US\$ 51.8 billion (45.5%), special assistance operations of US\$ 743 million (0.7%), and technical assistance operations of US\$ 429.9 million (0.4%). Of the special assistance



operations US\$ 296 million was approved for Muslim communities in non-member countries.

The IDB member countries that received IDB Group financing in excess of US\$ 2 billion since the Bank's inception were Bangladesh (US\$ 18.1 billion), Egypt (US\$ 9.9 billion), Pakistan (US\$ 9.8 billion), Turkey (US\$ 8.8 billion), Morocco (US\$ 5.8 billion), Iran (US\$ 5.9 billion), Saudi Arabia (US\$ 4.7 billion), Indonesia (US\$ 3.7 billion), Tunisia (US\$ 3.2 billion), Algeria (US\$ 2.5 billion), Jordan (US\$ 2.4), Senegal (US\$ 2.0 billion), and Bahrain (US\$2.0 billion) (**Figure 15**).

**Table 5** presents the list of top-5 beneficiaries of the IDB Group's project financing, trade financing, technical assistance and special assistance operations.

Table 5: Top 5 Beneficiaries by Type of Operations							
Since Inception to End 1436H				1436H			
Country	No. of Operations/ Projects	ID Million	US\$ Million	Country	No. of Operations/ Projects	ID Million	US\$ Million
<b>Trade Financing</b>							
Bangladesh	236	10,839.8	16,074.7	Egypt	8	1,260.3	1,780.0
Pakistan	248	5,129.1	7,096.0	Turkey	14	962.4	1,365.0
Egypt	145	4,537.9	6,636.9	Bangladesh	8	718.2	1,025.5
Turkey	339	4,167.5	5,796.5	Pakistan	2	706.0	1,000.0
Morocco	123	2,611.4	3,762.3	Burkina Faso	2	109.8	153.5
<b>Project Financing</b>							
Iran	76	2,254.7	3,345.9	Turkey	3	413.9	600.0
Egypt	67	2,148.5	3,217.4	Oman	2	314.2	450.0
Turkey	99	2,044.6	2,962.7	Senegal	9	288.9	409.6
Pakistan	87	1,814.0	2,717.4	Tunisia	5	224.1	319.5
Morocco	69	1,821.4	2,699.9	Uganda	3	198.0	280.7
<b>Technical Assistance</b>							
Regional	376	68.4	102.2	Regional	8	3.0	4.7
Mauritania	46	17.5	24.1	Palestine	1	1.2	2.0
Niger	49	16.1	22.4	Yemen	1	1.0	1.5
Palestine	19	12.0	18.9	Somalia	2	0.8	1.3
Mali	33	10.8	14.6	Côte d'Ivoire	1	0.2	0.3
<b>Special Assistance</b>							
Non-MCs	992	217.0	296.5	Non-MCs	30	3.7	5.2
Regional	70	45.3	62.9	Syria	3	0.4	0.6
Palestine	43	41.4	53.5				
Bangladesh	12	28.8	35.7				
Sudan	20	19.4	23.5				



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# **STATISTICAL ANNEXES**

**DEMOGRAPHIC AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS**  
Annex 1: Population

Region	Mid Year Population in Millions									
	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2020	
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>1,030.5</b>	<b>1,280.4</b>	<b>1,561.9</b>	<b>1,593.5</b>	<b>1,625.9</b>	<b>1,658.7</b>	<b>1,691.7</b>	<b>1,724.7</b>	<b>1,888.6</b>	
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	240.3	317.3	417.9	429.7	441.7	454.0	466.7	479.6	548.7	
MENA-19	303.1	371.4	449.2	458.1	467.1	476.0	484.8	493.4	533.8	
ASIA-8	426.2	525.3	620.6	630.5	640.7	651.1	661.4	671.7	721.0	
CIT-7	60.9	66.4	74.1	75.2	76.4	77.6	78.8	80.0	85.0	
LDMC-25	261.5	344.2	436.9	446.9	457.2	467.7	478.5	489.4	546.6	
NON-LDMC-31	769.0	936.2	1,125.0	1,146.7	1,168.7	1,191.0	1,213.2	1,235.2	1,342.0	
Oil Exporters-22	418.4	523.9	651.0	665.2	679.3	693.4	707.8	722.4	798.7	
Non-Oil Exporters-34	612.2	756.5	910.9	928.4	946.6	965.3	983.9	1,002.3	1,089.9	
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>1,031.3</b>	<b>1,281.1</b>	<b>1,562.6</b>	<b>1,594.3</b>	<b>1,626.6</b>	<b>1,659.4</b>	<b>1,692.4</b>	<b>1,725.4</b>	<b>1,889.4</b>	
<b>Memo:</b>										
<b>WORLD</b>	<b>5,309.7</b>	<b>6,126.6</b>	<b>6,929.7</b>	<b>7,013.4</b>	<b>7,097.5</b>	<b>7,181.7</b>	<b>7,265.8</b>	<b>7,349.5</b>	<b>7,758.2</b>	
Developed Countries	1,144.5	1,188.8	1,233.4	1,237.5	1,241.3	1,244.8	1,248.1	1,251.4	1,266.4	
Developing Countries	4,165.2	4,937.8	5,696.3	5,775.9	5,856.2	5,936.9	6,017.7	6,098.1	6,491.8	
LDCs	510.1	664.4	847.3	867.6	888.6	910.0	931.9	954.2	1,070.7	
<b>Note:</b> Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ( <a href="http://www.isdb.org">www.isdb.org</a> )										

**DEMOGRAPHIC AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS**  
**Annex 2: Under-Five Mortality Rate (per 1,000 births)**

Region	1990	2000	2018	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>116.6</b>	<b>89.1</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>61.6</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>57.3</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>51.9</b>
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	198.2	169.2	124.5	119.3	114.5	109.9	105.4	101.4	97.6	94.4
MENA-19	66.2	40.8	27.3	26.0	24.9	23.9	22.9	22.1	21.2	20.5
ASIA-8	112.7	78.3	59.1	57.2	55.3	53.5	51.7	50.1	48.5	47.0
CIT-7	71.4	61.3	42.8	40.9	39.2	37.5	36.0	34.6	33.2	31.9
LDMC-25	166.8	124.2	87.8	83.8	80.2	76.7	73.3	70.3	67.6	65.3
NON-LDMC-31	99.5	76.2	58.2	56.3	54.4	52.7	51.1	49.5	48.0	46.6
Oil Exporters-22	106.6	88.5	67.2	64.9	62.6	60.5	58.6	56.7	54.9	53.5
Non-Oil Exporters-34	123.4	89.4	65.8	63.3	60.9	58.7	56.4	54.4	52.5	50.7
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>116.5</b>	<b>89.0</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>63.9</b>	<b>61.6</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>57.3</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>51.9</b>
<b>Memo:</b>										
<b>WORLD</b>	<b>90.6</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>55.8</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>51.7</b>	<b>49.4</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>45.6</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>42.5</b>
Developed Countries	15.6	10.7	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.8
Developing Countries	101.8	85.2	62.7	60.0	58.0	55.3	53.0	50.8	48.9	47.3
LDCs	175.9	138.3	98.3	93.1	90.3	85.3	81.7	78.6	75.7	73.1
<b>Note:</b> Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ( <a href="http://www.isdb.org">www.isdb.org</a> )										

## DEMOGRAPHIC AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

### Annex 3: Health Indicators

Region	Life Expectancy at birth (Year)			Population with access to				Physicians Per 1,000 People 2010-2013	Nurses Per 1,000 People 2010-2013	Hospital beds Per 1,000 People 2010-2013
				Improved Water Source		Improved Sanitation Facility				
	1990	2000	2013	1990	2015	1990	2015	2010-2013	2010-2013	2010-2013
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>62.6</b>	<b>66.3</b>	<b>72.0</b>	<b>84.8</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>62.5</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	48.3	49.4	55.8	45.6	70.2	25.9	26.1	0.2	1.0	--
MENA-19	65.5	69.8	73.1	87.0	94.4	74.1	91.7	1.6	2.5	1.2
ASIA-8	61.2	65.0	68.4	74.4	87.4	34.3	61.7	0.5	0.9	0.8
CIT-7	66.7	66.6	69.4	--	87.7	--	96.6	2.7	8.5	5.1
LDMC-25	54.0	58.1	63.7	57.8	75.5	25.8	41.0	0.3	0.6	--
NON-LDMC-31	61.7	64.3	67.4	76.5	88.0	52.8	69.7	1.1	2.2	1.3
Oil Exporters-22	60.0	61.8	65.1	74.4	84.5	60.9	69.3	1.3	2.8	1.5
Non-Oil Exporters-34	59.6	63.2	67.2	70.4	85.0	36.6	58.1	0.5	1.0	1.0
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>62.6</b>	<b>66.3</b>	<b>72.0</b>	<b>84.8</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>62.5</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>
<b>Memo:</b>										
World	65.5	67.7	71.2	76.1	91.0	52.9	67.5	1.5	3.3	2.9
Developed Countries	74.4	76.0	79.1	97.7	99.0	94.7	96.3	3.1	8.6	5.6
Developing Countries	62.9	65.5	69.3	69.9	89.1	40.7	60.8	1.2	2.0	1.9
LDCs	51.7	55.6	62.8	50.4	69.1	19.3	37.4	0.2	0.5	..
<b>Note:</b> Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ( <a href="http://www.isdb.org">www.isdb.org</a> )										

**DEMOGRAPHIC AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS**  
**Annex 4: Information and Communications Technology Indicators**

Region	Investment in telecommunication with private participation (current US\$ million)		Telephone land lines per 100 people		Mobile cellular subscriptions per 100 people		Total telephone subscriptions per 100 people		Internet users per 100 people		Households with a Computer, %
	2002	2013	2003	2014	2003	2014	2002	2013	2003	2014	
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>5,054.3</b>	<b>12,052.8</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>95.7</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>103.3</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>26.1</b>	<b>21.8</b>
<b>Of which:</b>											
SSA-22	1,183.5	3,200.9	0.9	0.8	3.0	76.9	3.9	77.6	0.6	23.2	7.4
MENA-19	--	--	15.4	15.2	16.9	108.3	32.3	123.5	6.1	39.7	44.4
ASIA-8	2,097.6	--	3.2	6.1	6.1	97.9	9.3	104.1	3.9	16.2	14.6
CIT-7	263.8	1,118.8	9.1	13.4	5.8	110.6	14.8	124.0	1.7	42.8	27.1
LDMC-25	593.4	1,104.3	1.1	1.2	2.0	74.9	3.1	76.1	0.5	11.6	6.8
NON-LDMC-31	--	10,948.5	8.4	10.1	10.9	103.9	19.3	114.0	4.8	31.8	27.5
Oil Exporters-22	2,227.0	6,758.1	8.8	10.0	8.2	98.0	16.9	108.0	4.3	36.2	28.6
Non-Oil Exporters-34	2,827.3	5,294.7	4.8	5.8	8.6	94.0	13.4	99.8	3.1	18.8	16.8
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>5,075.1</b>	<b>12,052.8</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>95.7</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>103.3</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>26.1</b>	<b>21.8</b>
<b>Memo:</b>											
World	..	..	17.9	15.2	22.3	96.3	40.2	111.4	12.3	40.7	42.0
Developed Countries	..	..	48.0	39.9	62.4	123.3	110.3	163.2	43.1	80.6	79.0
Developing Countries	26,620.2	48,862.6	10.1	9.3	11.9	89.8	22.1	99.1	4.4	31.1	28.3
LDCs	905.0	1,249.4	0.8	1.0	1.7	63.1	2.4	64.1	0.4	8.6	..

Note: Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))



**DEMOGRAPHIC AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS**  
Annex 5: Environmental Indicators

Region	Forest area (% of total land area)			Average Annual <sup>a</sup> deforestation %	Carbon dioxide emissions						
					Total million metric tons		Per capita metric tons				
	1990	2005	2013	2000-2015	1990	2000	2014	1990	2000	2014	
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>1,930.2</b>	<b>2,573.5</b>	<b>4,283.7</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	
<b>Of which:</b>											
SSA-22	18.1	16.0	14.4	0.6	107.1	144.0	174.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	
MENA-19	2.5	2.7	2.9	-0.5	1,012.5	1,546.1	2,709.4	3.4	4.2	5.6	
ASIA-8	42.1	36.1	34.9	0.5	296.9	554.6	923.5	0.7	1.1	1.4	
CIT-7	3.4	3.4	3.4	-0.1	513.7	328.8	476.2	8.5	5.0	6.0	
LDMC-25	12.5	11.2	9.9	0.5	76.1	77.7	168.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	
NON-LDMC-31	13.6	12.2	11.8	0.4	1,854.0	2,495.8	4,115.6	2.4	2.7	3.4	
Oil Exporters-22	8.0	7.4	6.8	0.4	1,401.1	1,756.3	2,955.7	3.4	3.4	4.2	
Non-Oil Exporters-34	21.9	19.2	18.3	0.4	529.1	817.2	1,328.1	0.9	1.1	1.4	
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>1,931.8</b>	<b>2,576.1</b>	<b>4,286.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	
<b>Memo:</b>											
World	31.7	31.0	30.8	0.1	22,515.6	25,610.7	35,669.1	4.3	4.2	4.9	
Developed Countries	34.3	34.3	34.5	0.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Developing Countries	29.8	28.6	28.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	
LDCs	30.5	28.4	27.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

Note: Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**MACRO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 6: Nominal GDP**

Region	Gross Domestic Product (Current US\$ billion)									
	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>1,617.2</b>	<b>1,909.8</b>	<b>5,453.6</b>	<b>6,285.8</b>	<b>6,731.9</b>	<b>6,784.3</b>	<b>6,914.1</b>	<b>6,015.9</b>		
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	103.4	134.4	606.1	673.1	724.9	799.5	873.1	779.6		
MENA-19	1,238.1	1,309.6	3,217.4	3,681.1	3,974.9	3,877.5	3,907.3	3,141.4		
ASIA-8	273.5	417.5	1,345.7	1,578.4	1,647.1	1,674.9	1,703.1	1,698.8		
CIT-7	..	48.3	284.4	353.1	385.1	432.4	430.6	396.1		
LDMC-25	85.8	115.1	350.3	380.8	401.1	439.9	482.4	488.2		
NON-LDMC-31	1,531.4	1,794.7	5,103.2	5,905.0	6,330.8	6,344.4	6,431.7	5,527.7		
Oil Exporters-22	1,085.6	1,172.5	3,231.8	3,787.3	4,147.4	4,115.7	4,238.0	3,433.5		
Non-Oil Exporters-34	531.6	737.3	2,221.8	2,498.5	2,584.5	2,668.6	2,676.1	2,582.3		
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>1,617.9</b>	<b>1,910.9</b>	<b>5,455.8</b>	<b>6,288.4</b>	<b>6,734.8</b>	<b>6,787.2</b>	<b>6,917.2</b>	<b>6,019.1</b>		
<b>Memo:</b>										
World	23,216.1	33,455.7	65,338.9	72,422.5	73,777.3	75,467.1	77,269.2	73,506.8		
Developed Countries	18,123.3	26,484.5	42,819.7	45,936.0	45,756.6	46,043.0	46,973.2	44,368.7		
Developing Countries	5,092.8	6,971.2	22,519.2	26,486.5	28,020.6	29,424.0	30,296.0	29,138.1		
LDCs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**MACRO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 7: Real GDP Growth**

Region	Annual Real GDP Growth Rate (%)										Average Real GDP Growth Rate** (%)	
	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2015	2015	1996-2005	2006-2015
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.8</b>
<b>Of which:</b>												
SSA-22	7.2	7.4	7.9	3.8	4.0	5.4	5.9	4.2	5.9	4.2	7.0	5.9
MENA-19	8.6	5.8	5.9	5.4	4.7	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.4	4.5	4.1
ASIA-8	7.5	5.4	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.0	4.7	5.0	4.7	3.7	5.3
CIT-7	..	8.2	6.8	6.6	5.4	6.7	5.2	3.7	5.2	3.7	6.7	7.1
LDMC-25	3.6	7.7	5.9	3.1	4.7	5.4	4.9	3.1	4.9	3.1	6.8	5.0
NON-LDMC-31	8.3	5.8	6.1	5.5	5.0	3.6	3.8	3.4	3.8	3.4	4.4	4.8
Oil Exporters-22	8.9	6.6	6.1	4.9	5.2	3.0	3.6	2.8	3.6	2.8	5.1	4.8
Non-Oil Exporters-34	7.1	5.1	6.1	6.0	4.6	4.8	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.2	4.0	4.9
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.8</b>
<b>Memo:</b>												
World	3.4	4.8	5.4	4.2	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.9	3.7
Developed Countries	3.1	4.1	3.1	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.8	1.3
Developing Countries	3.9	5.8	7.5	6.3	5.2	5.0	4.6	4.0	4.6	4.0	5.1	5.8
LDCs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**MACRO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 8: Per Capita GDP, PPP**

Region	Per Capita GDP, PPP (Current International US\$)									
	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>3,523.4</b>	<b>5,045.9</b>	<b>8,468.2</b>	<b>8,944.9</b>	<b>9,302.8</b>	<b>9,609.0</b>	<b>9,934.1</b>	<b>10,169.1</b>		
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	1,208.3	1,787.0	3,273.9	3,444.6	3,534.6	3,680.3	3,853.8	3,944.7		
MENA-19	7,390.8	10,366.4	16,443.3	17,703.9	18,306.4	18,673.0	19,060.9	19,346.4		
ASIA-8	2,278.1	3,664.3	6,098.3	6,457.5	6,836.0	7,184.9	7,553.4	7,869.0		
CIT-7	..	3,463.4	8,983.5	9,600.2	10,123.7	10,809.0	11,404.0	11,787.5		
LDMC-25	824.2	1,366.5	2,290.2	2,397.5	2,487.6	2,604.1	2,716.3	2,744.1		
NON-LDMC-31	4,458.1	6,345.6	10,809.2	11,429.4	11,904.7	12,293.0	12,705.6	13,029.3		
Oil Exporters-22	5,285.7	7,066.7	11,949.2	12,744.0	13,173.2	13,463.8	13,820.0	14,018.8		
Non-Oil Exporters-34	2,476.4	3,670.6	5,932.4	6,295.3	6,583.2	6,886.3	7,169.9	7,416.1		
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>3,522.0</b>	<b>5,045.1</b>	<b>8,466.7</b>	<b>8,943.3</b>	<b>9,301.2</b>	<b>9,607.5</b>	<b>9,932.6</b>	<b>10,167.7</b>		
<b>Memo:</b>										
World	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Developed Countries	19,664.5	29,204.7	40,003.5	41,338.5	42,388.6	43,363.6	44,629.7	45,724.1		
Developing Countries	2,479.2	4,199.9	8,230.3	8,798.2	9,266.6	9,758.9	10,225.3	10,583.1		
LDCs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**MACRO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 9: Structure of Demand**

Region	Household Final Consumption Expenditure (% of GDP)			General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (% of GDP)			Gross Fixed Capital Formation (% of GDP)			Export of Goods and Services (% of GDP)			Import of Goods and Services (% of GDP)		
	1990	2000	2014	1990	2000	2014	1990	2000	2014	1990	2000	2014	1990	2000	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>62.9</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>33.7</b>
<b>Of which:</b>															
SSA-22	71.7	63.3	71.2	10.8	10.8	9.0	14.7	13.4	17.6	25.3	36.0	20.6	22.3	24.7	20.0
MENA-19	61.3	56.2	50.3	15.8	16.4	17.0	22.8	20.3	23.9	21.2	31.0	44.4	23.4	25.1	37.6
ASIA-8	63.5	61.0	61.1	10.4	8.0	10.2	25.6	20.8	27.8	30.9	51.1	32.1	31.7	42.5	32.3
CIT-7	60.9	61.5	49.4	21.3	13.8	13.4	26.0	21.5	25.5	32.3	44.8	40.8	42.5	41.7	31.0
LDMC-25	82.8	74.3	77.8	10.0	9.9	9.8	15.7	21.5	25.1	12.7	18.9	19.8	21.1	25.8	34.3
NON-LDMC-31	61.0	56.8	54.0	14.8	14.0	14.4	23.4	19.8	24.1	24.7	38.6	39.4	25.8	30.5	33.6
Oil Exporters-22	59.4	49.4	49.3	16.0	16.0	14.7	22.6	19.7	23.4	25.4	46.3	45.0	25.8	32.9	34.7
Non-Oil Exporters-34	67.3	67.7	65.2	12.0	11.2	13.0	22.8	20.3	25.4	21.2	26.9	27.3	24.9	27.0	32.1
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>62.9</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>33.7</b>
<b>Memo:</b>															
World	58.9	59.7	--	16.4	16.1	--	24.0	23.2	--	19.2	25.1	--	19.5	24.8	--
Developed Countries	58.5	59.7	--	17.0	16.6	--	24.2	23.0	--	19.3	24.8	--	19.6	24.7	--
Developing Countries	60.4	59.6	55.9	13.3	14.1	14.1	23.0	24.0	29.4	18.5	26.1	27.2	19.5	25.1	28.1
LDCs	81.9	71.3	74.0	12.5	13.0	10.1	16.1	20.3	26.4	14.1	24.9	22.9	24.6	31.1	35.3

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**MACRO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 10: Inflation (CPI)**

Region	All Items (2004=100) %										Growth Rate (%)	
	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016-2015	2006-2015		
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>8.0</b>		
<b>Of which:</b>												
SSA-22	8.4	5.3	10.5	10.5	12.5	9.5	9.0	8.2	10.9	9.4		
MENA-19	17.7	13.0	6.5	8.3	9.5	9.1	6.6	6.5	14.1	8.4		
ASIA-8	7.7	3.3	5.9	7.3	5.1	6.0	6.3	5.5	9.5	6.8		
CIT-7	..	14.0	6.9	8.9	5.5	6.1	5.8	6.8	18.7	8.3		
LDMC-25	11.7	5.2	8.3	12.6	10.7	10.4	9.6	8.5	9.2	9.3		
NON-LDMC-31	14.0	9.7	6.7	7.9	8.1	7.8	6.5	6.3	12.9	7.9		
Oil Exporters-22	6.9	4.3	7.0	9.1	9.8	9.3	6.8	6.9	7.5	8.6		
Non-Oil Exporters-34	22.7	16.1	6.5	7.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	5.8	19.0	7.2		
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>8.0</b>		
<b>Memo:</b>												
World	26.7	4.9	3.8	5.2	4.2	3.9	3.5	3.3	5.4	4.1		
Developed Countries	4.9	2.3	1.5	2.7	2.0	1.4	1.4	0.3	2.0	1.7		
Developing Countries	79.2	8.5	5.8	7.3	6.0	5.8	5.1	5.6	10.1	6.3		
LDCs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**EXTERNAL SECTOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 11: Intra-IDB Member Countries Exports**

Region	Intra-MCs Exports (US\$ million)						% of Total Exports					
	1995	2000	2011	2012	2013	2014	1995	2000	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>42,696.4</b>	<b>58,470.1</b>	<b>358,751.7</b>	<b>403,081.3</b>	<b>412,848.1</b>	<b>403,843.4</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>17.5</b>
<b>Of which:</b>												
SSA-22	3,153	3,954	17,961	20,531	21,242	19,981	12.1	11.1	9.5	11.9	12.9	12.7
MENA-19	27,812	39,981	260,532	302,191	310,714	305,572	14.9	12.6	17.4	18.4	19.3	20.1
ASIA-8	9,338	12,244	60,179	59,979	60,818	59,063	7.0	6.8	12.1	12.4	12.7	12.3
CIT-7	2,393	2,291	20,079	20,381	20,074	19,228	19.0	13.3	13.0	12.9	13.3	13.5
LDMC-25	2,161	2,251	12,326	13,455	13,814	13,529	16.8	11.8	16.3	19.2	18.1	17.6
NON-LDMC-31	40,535	56,219	346,425	389,626	399,034	390,315	11.7	10.6	15.3	16.4	17.2	17.5
Oil Exporters-22	27,925	40,912	250,328	274,115	284,846	279,073	11.4	10.2	14.0	14.5	15.5	16.0
Non-Oil Exporters-34	14,771	17,558	108,424	128,966	128,002	124,770	13.0	11.7	19.7	23.0	22.8	22.3
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>42,703</b>	<b>58,475</b>	<b>358,772</b>	<b>403,104</b>	<b>412,869</b>	<b>403,861</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>17.5</b>
<b>Memo:</b>												
World	5,120,727	6,379,945	18,322,874	18,377,414	18,854,184	18,957,775	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Developed Countries	2,630,861	3,174,480	6,546,459	6,244,125	6,400,754	6,538,173	73.6	75.8	68.1	66.8	66.6	67.2
Developing Countries	601,601	826,231	4,406,569	4,711,313	4,961,421	4,947,897	42.0	40.4	55.8	57.4	58.8	58.4
LDCs	872	1,053	7,219	8,231	10,286	9,807	3.7	2.9	3.6	4.0	4.9	4.7

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**EXTERNAL SECTOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 12: Intra-IDB Member Countries Imports**

Region	Intra-MCs Imports (US\$ million)						% of Total Imports					
	1995	2000	2011	2012	2013	2014	1995	2000	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>42,339</b>	<b>61,104</b>	<b>333,033</b>	<b>361,970</b>	<b>374,669</b>	<b>365,792</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>
<b>Of which:</b>												
SSA-22	3,076	4,418	21,726	24,493	27,945	27,162	13.4	17.9	17.4	19.2	19.8	19.3
MENA-19	27,200	36,675	220,570	239,139	246,726	240,183	14.7	15.8	21.1	21.3	20.9	20.3
ASIA-8	9,403	17,326	79,542	85,298	86,426	85,163	6.7	11.7	17.4	17.7	17.7	17.3
CIT-7	2,660	2,685	11,195	13,041	13,573	13,284	25.0	20.9	14.2	14.5	13.9	14.8
LDMC-25	3,663	5,959	30,504	34,226	37,690	36,556	16.8	21.7	25.9	26.6	27.4	26.2
NON-LDMC-31	38,675	55,145	302,529	327,744	336,979	329,236	11.5	14.1	19.0	19.3	19.0	18.6
Oil-Exporters-22	20,986	30,246	195,377	212,811	214,826	215,750	9.9	12.5	19.6	19.6	18.8	18.6
Non-Oil Exporters-34	21,352	30,858	137,656	149,159	159,844	150,043	14.5	17.6	19.4	20.2	20.9	20.0
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>42,345</b>	<b>61,108</b>	<b>333,154</b>	<b>362,037</b>	<b>374,835</b>	<b>365,842</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>
<b>Memo:</b>												
World	5,185,838	6,597,232	18,274,313	18,351,096	18,675,596	18,805,581	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Developed Countries	2,612,616	3,153,411	6,217,109	5,947,771	6,009,042	6,226,593	73.0	68.6	59.8	58.8	59.3	60.2
Developing Countries	569,306	833,524	4,249,266	4,510,739	4,690,118	4,730,462	37.9	43.7	58.1	59.0	59.0	59.6
LDCs	611	1,091	7,156	8,185	9,462	9,329	1.8	2.5	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.5

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))



**EXTERNAL SECTOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 13: Balance of Payments**

Region	Goods and Services (BoP) (US\$ million)				Net Income (US\$ million)				Net Current Transfer (US\$ million)				Current Account Balance (US\$ billion)			
	Exports		Imports		2005		2010		2005		2010		2005		2010	
	2012-13	2005	2012-13	2005	2012-13	2005	2012-13	2005	2012-13	2005	2012-13	2010	2012-13	2005	2010	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>1,178,716</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>933,309</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>-49,126</b>	<b>-124,500</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>42,686</b>	<b>31,651</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>334.5</b>	<b>413.4</b>	<b>-192.1</b>			
<b>Of which:</b>																
SSA-22	93,205	..	78,253	..	-10,997	-28,099	..	22,819	29,218	..	32.5	2.6	-35.2			
MENA-19	691,400	1,174,746	513,412	1,018,426	-3,739	-24,424	-10,336	716	-30,194	-34,359	258.8	341.7	-126.8			
ASIA-8	334,158	530,701	292,195	548,307	-22,511	-38,672	-45,826	17,048	26,167	37,258	37.3	41.2	-16.9			
CIT-7	59,953	128,977	49,448	99,804	-11,880	-33,304	-28,499	2,104	6,459	5,219	5.9	27.9	-13.3			
LDMC-25	45,167	..	64,696	..	-6,897	-7,479	..	15,735	28,250	..	-5.9	-16.7	-28.5			
NON-LDMC-31	1,133,549	1,799,796	868,612	1,593,650	-42,229	-117,020	-82,708	26,952	3,402	-19,701	340.4	430.2	-163.7			
Oil-Exporters-22	791,334	..	511,582	..	-21,787	-71,719	..	2,550	-25,354	..	356.8	503.8	-82.7			
Non-Oil Exporters-34	387,382	693,401	421,727	824,155	-27,339	-52,780	-55,612	40,137	57,005	66,142	-22.3	-90.4	-109.5			
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>1,179,443</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>934,364</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>-49,195</b>	<b>-124,509</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>42,902</b>	<b>32,066</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>334.3</b>	<b>413.1</b>	<b>-192.6</b>			
<b>Memo:</b>																
World	14,788,800	23,556,800	14,459,100	22,772,700	--	--	--	--	--	--	215.1	343.8	206.2			
Developed Countries	11,541,800	16,973,900	11,446,500	16,177,000	--	--	--	--	--	--	-431.6	-50.2	230.1			
Developing Countries	3,246,700	6,541,000	3,010,770	6,611,340	--	--	--	--	--	--	646.6	394.0	-23.9			
LDCs	122,107	261,618	123,962	308,103	--	--	--	--	--	--	..	..	..			

Note: Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

## EXTERNAL SECTOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS

### Annex 14: International Reserves

Region	Gross International Reserves (US\$ million)					In months of Imports (months)				
	2008	2009	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>1,285,776</b>	<b>1,319,542</b>	<b>1,603,627</b>	<b>1,835,156</b>	<b>1,929,919</b>	<b>1,900,221</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>10.2</b>
<b>Of which:</b>										
SSA-22	74,714	70,372	60,803	73,760	74,740	65,358	3.9	4.7	4.4	3.5
MENA-19	1,017,701	1,023,089	1,217,837	1,425,621	1,537,634	1,507,790	14.7	15.9	16.2	14.9
ASIA-8	163,258	193,326	280,676	290,900	272,004	276,879	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.1
CIT-7	30,103	32,755	44,311	44,874	45,540	50,194	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.2
LDMC-25	24,786	33,147	33,584	40,138	47,110	51,346	3.0	3.1	3.5	3.5
NON-LDMC-31	1,260,990	1,286,395	1,570,043	1,795,018	1,882,809	1,848,875	10.9	11.6	11.7	10.8
Oil Exporters-22	1,041,111	1,026,723	1,242,051	1,436,169	1,528,997	1,472,424	14.6	15.5	15.8	13.7
Non-Oil Exporters-34	244,665	292,819	361,576	398,987	400,922	427,797	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.4
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>1,286,132</b>	<b>1,320,174</b>	<b>1,604,428</b>	<b>1,836,020</b>	<b>1,930,702</b>	<b>1,900,889</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>10.2</b>

**Note:** Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**EXTERNAL SECTOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS**  
**Annex 15: Net Financial Flows**

Region	Net Resource Flows (US\$ million)				Official Development Assistance Commitments (US\$ million)				Foreign Direct Investment (US\$ million)			
	2009	2012	2013	2014	2009	2012	2013	2014	2009	2012	2013	2014
<b>IDB-56</b>	<b>75,502</b>	<b>90,422</b>	<b>103,402</b>	<b>111,234</b>	<b>56,759</b>	<b>56,548</b>	<b>70,790</b>	<b>62,852</b>	<b>137,865</b>	<b>143,400</b>	<b>135,174</b>	<b>132,483</b>
<b>Of which:</b>												
SSA-22	18,959	21,273	21,015	25,878	20,422	18,065	21,124	18,217	16,787	23,049	21,044	18,859
MENA-19	28,587	34,278	47,295	50,998	16,001	22,054	28,066	24,497	90,806	68,101	60,311	56,511
ASIA-8	22,942	30,972	26,912	27,628	18,085	14,225	18,987	17,536	9,879	31,836	35,208	37,641
CIT-7	5,015	3,899	8,180	6,731	2,251	2,203	2,613	2,602	20,393	20,414	18,612	19,472
LDMC-25	27,706	27,432	27,094	29,485	30,770	25,720	35,021	29,270	8,097	15,899	16,537	14,190
NON-LDMC-31	47,796	62,990	76,308	81,749	25,989	30,828	35,769	33,581	129,768	127,501	118,638	118,293
Oil Exporters-22	30,226	26,844	39,514	44,573	15,873	14,620	20,323	15,542	102,752	83,572	74,387	70,005
Non-Oil Exporters-34	45,276	63,578	63,888	66,661	40,886	41,928	50,467	47,310	35,113	59,827	60,787	62,478
<b>OIC-57</b>	<b>75,644</b>	<b>90,806</b>	<b>103,518</b>	<b>111,400</b>	<b>56,868</b>	<b>56,708</b>	<b>70,947</b>	<b>63,054</b>	<b>138,029</b>	<b>143,693</b>	<b>135,388</b>	<b>132,738</b>
<b>Memo:</b>												
World	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,186,513	1,403,115	1,467,149	1,228,283
Developed Countries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	652,306	678,960	696,770	498,784
Developing Countries	335,015	414,918	441,706	588,440	162,278	171,583	189,339	178,593	463,637	639,022	670,790	681,387
LDCs	49,555	49,091	51,831	55,204	50,593	47,269	63,020	51,632	16,865	23,524	22,327	23,239

Note: Country level data is available in the attached USB drive and IDB website ([www.isdb.org](http://www.isdb.org))

**Annex 16: Net IDB Group Financing  
by Mode of Financing and Region (end of 1436H / 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015)**

<b>Mode of financing</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>SSA-22</b>	<b>MENA-19</b>	<b>ASIA-8</b>	<b>CIT-7</b>	<b>Others</b>	<b>Total</b>
Mudaraba	Number	1	5				6
	ID million	20.0	685.1				705.1
	US\$ million	30.0	1,010.0				1,040.0
Loan	Number	652	172	124	93	1	1,042
	ID million	3,047.7	910.4	716.4	535.8	4.7	5,215.0
	US\$ million	4,328.0	1,225.6	1,004.1	778.7	7.0	7,343.4
Equity	Number	42	168	52	16	46	324
	ID million	122.5	977.8	167.2	51.5	659.8	1,978.8
	US\$ million	171.6	1,438.0	238.9	78.8	990.7	2,918.0
Leasing	Number	70	269	61	19	4	423
	ID million	1,051.3	6,083.0	1,407.6	487.3	24.0	9,053.2
	US\$ million	1,558.8	8,906.4	2,102.4	725.8	34.3	13,327.7
Instalment Sale	Number	51	134	62	35		282
	ID million	355.1	2,337.3	833.8	455.8		3,982.0
	US\$ million	520.4	3,327.2	1,212.7	681.9		5,742.2
Combined Line of Financing	Number	3	17	7	9	1	37
	ID million	39.5	212.7	48.6	163.7	6.6	471.1
	US\$ million	60.6	290.6	62.1	249.7	10.0	673.0
Profit Sharing/ Musharaka	Number	1	12				13
	ID million	2.8	253.2				256.0
	US\$ million	4.4	372.2				376.5
Istisnaa	Number	163	140	62	27	10	402
	ID million	4,152.0	5,484.7	2,090.8	1,533.9	71.8	13,333.2
	US\$ million	6,185.0	8,149.8	3,174.7	2,392.6	106.1	20,008.2
Others	Number		23	5		1	29
	ID million		108.8	85.0		37.1	230.9
	US\$ million		154.0	117.0		50.0	321.0
Murabaha	Number	244	1594	597	59	12	2,506
	ID million	2,841.2	21,236.9	17,412.5	770.5	143.5	42,404.6
	US\$ million	4,131.8	29,918.7	25,263.7	1,169.6	215.0	60,698.8
Technical Assistance	Number	499	299	70	79	379	1326
	ID million	125.1	71.7	19.0	14.3	71.9	302.0
	US\$ million	170.6	103.3	27.6	21.0	107.4	429.9
Special Assistance Operations	Number	216	143	58	38	1062	1,517
	ID million	126.9	110.0	61.1	8.4	262.3	568.6
	US\$ million	151.7	140.9	80.0	11.4	359.4	743.4
<b>Net IDB Group operations</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>1,942</b>	<b>2,976</b>	<b>1,098</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>1,516</b>	<b>7,907</b>
	<b>ID million</b>	<b>11,884.1</b>	<b>38,471.5</b>	<b>22,842.0</b>	<b>4,021.1</b>	<b>1,281.6</b>	<b>78,500.3</b>
	<b>US\$ million</b>	<b>17,312.8</b>	<b>55,036.6</b>	<b>33,283.2</b>	<b>6,109.5</b>	<b>1,880.0</b>	<b>113,622.0</b>

**Note:** Others comprise of Non-Member Countries, Regional Projects and Special Programme

**Annex 17: Net IDB Group Financing  
by Sector and Region (end of 1436H / 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015)**

<b>Sector</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>SSA-22</b>	<b>MENA-19</b>	<b>ASIA-8</b>	<b>CIT-7</b>	<b>Others</b>	<b>Total</b>
Agriculture	Number	445	141	91	54	62	793
	ID million	2,245.7	1,520.2	1,123.5	812.1	179.9	5,881.4
	US\$ million	3,329.6	2,247.7	1,680.6	1,232.4	270.2	8,760.5
Education	Number	285	175	113	38	896	1507
	ID million	874.0	623.4	937.7	91.4	174.6	2,701.1
	US\$ million	1,248.9	875.5	1,354.1	138.3	239.1	3,855.9
Energy	Number	146	178	112	32	11	479
	ID million	2,141.1	10,653.6	9,891.2	835.5	80.0	23,601.3
	US\$ million	3,159.6	15,936.9	15,042.4	1,259.7	123.9	35,522.4
Finance	Number	126	573	199	95	160	1,153
	ID million	629.4	4,963.9	2,111.2	494.3	623.8	8,822.6
	US\$ million	930.1	7,140.4	3,003.2	752.2	927.9	12,753.9
Health	Number	179	119	42	31	69	440
	ID million	543.0	729.3	423.0	144.0	18.8	1,858.1
	US\$ million	787.5	1,035.8	624.2	207.5	27.3	2,682.4
Industry and Mining	Number	75	224	40	25	20	384
	ID million	433.6	2,697.6	468.1	110.1	1.0	3,710.4
	US\$ million	631.8	3,943.2	680.3	162.4	1.4	5,419.0
Information and Communications	Number	17	27	8	7	31	90
	ID million	123.9	135.0	82.6	25.3	36.1	402.9
	US\$ million	175.2	196.1	125.9	34.3	51.0	582.5
Public Administration	Number	23	24	3	12	9	71
	ID million	10.7	4.5	24.5	2.1	2.4	44.2
	US\$ million	13.4	6.0	33.9	3.1	3.5	60.0
Trade	Number	119	1167	370	5	29	1,690
	ID million	905.0	11,246.4	6,632.1	0.9	41.9	18,826.3
	US\$ million	1,249.3	15,027.9	9,040.9	1.2	61.1	25,380.3
Transportation	Number	267	88	51	48	9	463
	ID million	2,936.6	2,693.7	846.6	1,216.2	14.7	7,707.7
	US\$ million	4,293.4	3,947.7	1,265.5	1,874.2	22.1	11,403.0
Water, Sanitation & Urban Services	Number	119	136	23	13	22	313
	ID million	909.3	2,648.0	247.2	264.1	0.9	4,069.5
	US\$ million	1,328.7	3,901.0	361.0	406.0	1.3	5,998.0
Real Estate	Number	6	16	1	3	1	27
	ID million	34.3	149.7	14.5	21.6	20.2	240.3
	US\$ million	52.0	224.9	20.0	33.3	30.0	360.2
Other Social Services	Number	135	108	45	12	197	497
	ID million	97.5	406.2	39.9	3.5	87.5	634.5
	US\$ million	113.3	553.6	51.2	4.8	121.0	843.9
<b>Net IDB Group financing</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>1942</b>	<b>2976</b>	<b>1098</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>1516</b>	<b>7907</b>
	<b>ID million</b>	<b>11,884.1</b>	<b>38,471.5</b>	<b>22,842.0</b>	<b>4,021.1</b>	<b>1,281.6</b>	<b>78,500.3</b>
	<b>US\$ million</b>	<b>17,312.8</b>	<b>55,036.6</b>	<b>33,283.2</b>	<b>6,109.5</b>	<b>1,880.0</b>	<b>113,622.0</b>

**Note:** Others comprise of Non-Member Countries, Regional Projects and Special Programme

**Annex 18: Net IDB Group Financing  
by Region and Years (end of 1436H / 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015)**

Region	Unit	1976-2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
SSA-22	Number	1,371	91	78	123	82	97	100	1,942
	ID million	4,861.4	612.5	611.4	750.0	1,069.0	1,493.0	2,486.7	11,884.1
	US\$ million	6,849.3	935.6	965.4	1,148.3	1,616.1	2,295.1	3,503.1	17,312.8
MENA-19	Number	2,523	86	80	84	87	67	49	2,976
	ID million	23,515.0	1,730.9	1,563.5	2,710.7	2,577.1	3,383.8	2,990.4	38,471.5
	US\$ million	32,546.1	2,641.0	2,445.4	4,139.4	3,899.1	5,148.3	4,217.3	55,036.6
ASIA-8	Number	875	47	37	41	34	31	33	1,098
	ID million	12,179.5	1,573.9	1,487.7	2,391.5	1,965.2	1,690.5	1,553.7	22,842.0
	US\$ million	17,098.3	2,412.3	2,340.7	3,674.5	2,987.2	2,581.4	2,188.8	33,283.2
CIT-7	Number	237	21	23	34	29	21	10	375
	ID million	1,556.8	335.5	554.5	354.7	607.3	394.1	218.2	4,021.1
	US\$ million	2,359.7	508.0	865.2	544.0	921.1	598.8	312.8	6,109.5
Others	Number	1,102	90	85	71	69	61	38	1,516
	ID million	612.7	44.7	64.9	147.7	160.5	197.8	53.4	1,281.6
	US\$ million	876.5	68.7	101.6	226.7	245.1	285.9	75.5	1,880.0
<b>Net IDB Group operations</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>6,108</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>7,907</b>
	<b>ID million</b>	<b>42,725.4</b>	<b>4,297.5</b>	<b>4,282.1</b>	<b>6,354.6</b>	<b>6,379.1</b>	<b>7,159.2</b>	<b>7,302.4</b>	<b>78,500.3</b>
	<b>US\$ million</b>	<b>59,729.8</b>	<b>6,565.5</b>	<b>6,718.3</b>	<b>9,732.8</b>	<b>9,668.6</b>	<b>10,909.5</b>	<b>10,297.5</b>	<b>113,622.0</b>

Note: Others comprise of Non-Member Countries, Regional Projects and Special Programme

**Annex 19: Net IDB Group Financing  
by Mode of Financing and Years (end of 1436H / 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015)**

<b>Mode of financing</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>1976-2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>Total</b>
Mudaraba	Number					3		3	6
	ID million					292.8		412.3	705.1
	US\$ million					440		600	1,040.0
Loan	Number	792	44	34	67	46	30	29	1,042
	ID million	3,800.5	239.5	209.4	284.6	292.9	202.5	185.6	5,215.0
	US\$ million	5,202.0	360.8	322.7	437.9	444.7	309.5	265.9	7,343.4
Equity	Number	212	23	15	26	23	16	9	324
	ID million	966.3	105.7	122.1	311.9	191.8	201.8	79.1	1,978.8
	US\$ million	1,394.1	160.7	189.7	479.2	291.9	291.6	110.8	2,918.0
Leasing	Number	326	17	10	16	13	17	24	423
	ID million	5000.4	739.4	575.5	494.5	625.6	1329.6	288.1	9,053.2
	US\$ million	7143.3	1131.4	916.8	753.9	947.2	2031.7	403.3	13,327.7
Instalement Sale	Number	230	3	9	22	4	7	7	282
	ID million	2,565.6	24.7	137.8	620.4	264.6	120.8	248.2	3,982.0
	US\$ million	3,608.0	37.7	213.7	943.2	403.4	184.5	351.5	5,742.2
Combined Line of Financing	Number	32		1	2	1	1		37
	ID million	375.5		50	9.8	3.3	32.5		471.1
	US\$ million	528.0		75	15	5	50		673.0
Profit Sharing/ Musharaka	Number	9	1	2	1				13
	ID million	94.0	66.7	62.0	33.3				256.0
	US\$ million	126.5	100.0	100.0	50.0				376.5
Istisnaa	Number	168	30	25	40	48	48	43	402
	ID million	4,541.4	1,260.6	1,142.8	1,150.3	1,608.2	1,701.8	1,928.1	13,333.2
	US\$ million	6,755.3	1,953.7	1,789.4	1,755.7	2,428.9	2,594.8	2,730.4	20,008.2
Others	Number	29							29
	ID million	230.9							230.9
	US\$ million	321							321.0
Murabaha	Number	2092	69	68	65	66	71	75	2,506
	ID million	24,408.5	1,831.3	1,945.4	3,432.1	3,079.1	3,553.4	4,154.8	42,404.6
	US\$ million	33,674.8	2,776.2	3,052.9	5,271.0	4,675.3	5,421.8	5,826.8	60,698.8
Technical Assistance	Number	942	95	89	71	65	54	10	1,326
	ID million	214.7	16.7	27.4	12.1	16.2	12.4	2.4	302.0
	US\$ million	295.7	25.5	42.9	18.4	24.7	18.9	3.7	429.9
Special Assistance Operations	Number	1,276	53	50	43	32	33	30	1,517
	ID million	527.5	12.9	9.7	5.6	4.8	4.4	3.7	568.6
	US\$ million	680.9	19.5	15.2	8.6	7.3	6.7	5.2	743.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>6,108</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>7,907</b>
	<b>ID million</b>	<b>42,725.4</b>	<b>4,297.5</b>	<b>4,282.1</b>	<b>6,354.6</b>	<b>6,379.1</b>	<b>7,159.2</b>	<b>7,302.4</b>	<b>78,500.3</b>
	<b>US\$ million</b>	<b>59,729.8</b>	<b>6,565.5</b>	<b>6,718.3</b>	<b>9,732.8</b>	<b>9,668.6</b>	<b>10,909.5</b>	<b>10,297.5</b>	<b>113,622.0</b>

**Note:** Others comprise of Non-Member Countries, Regional Projects and Special Programme

**Annex 20: Net IDB Group Financing  
by Sector and Years (end of 1436H / 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015)**

Sector	Unit	1976-2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Agriculture	Number	478	48	35	93	56	46	37	793
	ID million	1,837.5	601.3	468.1	892.6	775.8	703.8	602.2	5,881.4
	US\$ million	2,630.8	921.5	739.7	1,371.3	1,175.2	1,068.5	853.5	8,760.5
Education	Number	1,168	63	71	56	57	52	40	1,507
	ID million	1,598.2	125.8	191.8	184.6	235.4	132.6	232.7	2,701.1
	US\$ million	2,195.8	189.7	296.7	283.5	357.6	204.1	328.5	3,855.9
Energy	Number	234	36	38	40	42	42	47	479
	ID million	5,039.6	2,122.9	2,097.1	3,603.3	3,525.8	3,889.8	3,322.8	23,601.3
	US\$ million	7,504.5	3,232.3	3,300.4	5,518.5	5,341.8	5,945.3	4,679.6	35,522.4
Finance	Number	763	76	69	79	65	62	39	1,153
	ID million	5,577.3	263.6	354.6	458.6	475.6	637.2	1,055.6	8,822.6
	US\$ million	7,918.7	398.1	552.0	701.9	726.9	956.6	1,499.7	12,753.9
Health	Number	300	29	24	30	24	19	14	440
	ID million	953.2	61.9	199.3	326.4	69.2	113.3	134.9	1,858.1
	US\$ million	1,318.1	95.6	305.0	494.7	104.5	172.9	191.6	2,682.4
Industry and Mining	Number	287	34	16	20	8	7	12	384
	ID million	2,509.0	367.6	120.6	225.1	144.5	147.8	195.7	3,710.4
	US\$ million	3,608.1	558.8	189.0	344.5	219.6	224.5	274.5	5,419.0
Information and Communications	Number	60	9	9	4	3	4	1	90
	ID million	264.5	8.4	57.6	14.6	3.3	43.2	11.3	402.9
	US\$ million	372.5	12.7	87.4	22.3	5.1	66.1	16.5	582.5
Public Administration	Number	67		1	1		2		71
	ID million	43.3		0.2	0.2		0.5		44.2
	US\$ million	58.6		0.3	0.3		0.8		60.0
Trade	Number	1,675	1	4	1	4	4	1	1,690
	ID million	18,755.2	3.2	1.1	0.1	6.8	52.8	7.1	18,826.3
	US\$ million	25,272.9	5.0	1.7	0.2	10.4	80.1	10.0	25,380.3
Transportation	Number	382	11	12	10	15	17	16	463
	ID million	3,779.4	614.7	374.6	250.5	653.7	968.2	1,066.7	7,707.7
	US\$ million	5,505.3	956.6	593.1	385.3	980.3	1,480.8	1,501.7	11,403.0
Water, Sanitation & Urban Services	Number	233	16	15	9	15	13	12	313
	ID million	1,943.1	124.8	415.2	387.6	451.2	435.2	312.4	4,069.5
	US\$ million	2,774.8	190.0	650.2	593.7	689.4	658.1	441.8	5,998.0
Real Estate	Number	10			3	8	2	4	27
	ID million	119.9			10.5	37.0	33.7	39.3	240.3
	US\$ million	183.2			16.1	56.4	50.0	54.5	360.2
Other Social Services	Number	451	12	9	7	4	7	7	497
	ID million	305.0	3.4	1.9	0.4	0.9	1.2	321.7	634.5
	US\$ million	386.6	5.1	2.9	0.6	1.3	1.8	445.7	843.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>6,108</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>7,907</b>
	<b>ID million</b>	<b>42,725</b>	<b>4,297</b>	<b>4,282</b>	<b>6,355</b>	<b>6,379</b>	<b>7,159</b>	<b>7,302</b>	<b>78,500.3</b>
	<b>US\$ million</b>	<b>59,730</b>	<b>6,566</b>	<b>6,718</b>	<b>9,733</b>	<b>9,669</b>	<b>10,909</b>	<b>10,298</b>	<b>113,622.0</b>

**Note:** Others comprise of Non-Member Countries, Regional Projects and Special Programme



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